BK BIRLA CENTRE FOR DUCATION

SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS SENIOR SECONDARYCO-ED DAY CUM BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL POST MID TERM EXAMINATION, (2025)

MATHEMATICS



| Class Date Admiss <u>Genera</u> | : VIII : 09-01-2025 ion No.: I Instructions : | | | Duration: 1 Hr Max. Marks: 25 Roll No.: | |
|---|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | All Questions are co | mpulsory | | | |
| 2. | There are 13 questions | ons. | | | |
| I. | CHOOSE THE COR | RECT ALTERNATIV | 'E IN THE FOLLOWING. | 5 | |
| 1. | Common factor of 2 | $2x$, 3 x 2 and 4 is | : | | |
| | a) 1 | b) 2 | c) 3 | d) 4 | |
| 2. | $a^{2} + 2ab + b^{2}$ is eq | ual to : | | | |
| | a) $(a + b)^2$ | b) $(a - b)^2$ | c) (a + b) (a – b) | d) a ² - b ² | |
| 3. | The surface area of | the cube of side | 6 cm is : | | |
| | a) 144 cm ² | b) 24 cm ² | c) 216 cm ² | d) none of these | |
| 4. The area of the rhombus whose diagonals of length x and y is : | | | | | |
| | a) $x y$ b) $\frac{1}{2}$ | хy | c) $\frac{1}{3} x y$ | d) $\frac{1}{4} x y$ | |
| 5. | Number of edges a | cuboid has : | - | - | |
| | | | | | |
| | a) 10 | b) 12 | c) 8 | d) 4 | |
| П. | SOLVE THE FOLL | OWING | | | |
| 6. | Factorise: i) $49 x^2 - 36$ ii) $x^2 + x y + 8 x + 8 y$ 2 | | | | |
| 7. | Find the common factor of : 6 abc , 24 ab^2 and 12 a^2b 2 | | | | |
| 8. | Find the curved surface area of the right circular cylinder whose height is 15 cm and | | | | |
| | radius of the base is | s 7 cm. | | 2 | |
| 9. | Find the area of the rhombus whose diagonals are 40 cm and 50 cm. 2 | | | | |
| 10. | 10. The area of the Trapezium is 34 cm ² and length of one parallel side is 10 cm and its | | | | |
| | height is 4 cm. Find | the length of oth | er parallel side. | 3 | |
| 11. | . There is a cuboidal | box as shown in | the following figure. Find th | e amount of | |

material required to make?



12. Factorise the following.

i)
$$16 x^5 - 144 x^3$$
 ii) $p^2 + 6p + 8$

3

3

13. Divide the following :

- i) $26 x y (x + 5) (y 4) \div 13 x (y 4)$
- ii) $5 p q (p^2 q^2) \div 2p (p + q)$
